## STATE OF MAINE

v.

## **ALI ALMURSHIDY**

## Submitted on Briefs September 27, 2000 Decided October 2, 2000

Panel: WATHEN, C.J., and CLIFFORD, RUDMAN, DANA, ALEXANDER, and CALKINS, JJ.

## MEMORANDUM OF DECISION

Ali Almurshidy appeals from a decision of the Superior Court (Cumberland County, *Crowley*, *J*.) denying his motion to dismiss a gross sexual assault charge on double jeopardy grounds, following the jury's failure to reach a verdict in a retrial. The case had been remanded for retrial following our decision in *State v. Almurshidy*, 1999 ME 97, 732 A.2d 280.

The trial court's ruling, although interlocutory, is directly appealable. See State v. Flick, 495 A.2d 339, 341 (Me. 1985). See also Richardson v. United States, 468 U.S. 317, 322 (1984); State v. Lebroke, 589 A.2d 941, 942-43 (Me. 1991).

On appeal, Almurshidy contends that the Superior Court erred in not attempting to break the jury deadlock with an "*Alleri*" type charge suggesting to the jury the consequences of their failure to reach a verdict. We have specifically stated that such a charge is inappropriate. *See State v. White*, 285 A.2d 832 (Me. 1972). The United States Supreme Court has

recently reemphasized that courts should avoid suggesting to juries the consequences of failure to reach a unanimous verdict. *See Jones v. United States*, 527 U.S. 373, 382 (1999). Prior to declaring a mistrial on the gross sexual assault charge, the court conducted an appropriate inquiry in accordance with our direction in *State v. Landry*, 600 A.2d 101 (Me. 1992). There was no error in the court's finding manifest necessity and declaring a mistrial or in denying Almurshidy's motion to dismiss.

The entry is:

Order denying motion to dismiss on double jeopardy grounds affirmed.

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Attorneys for the State:

Stephanie Anderson, D.A. Julia Sheridan, A.D.A. Cumberland County Courthouse 142 Federal St. Portland, Maine 04101

Attorney for the Defendant:

William Maselli, Esq. 98 Court St. Auburn, Maine 04210